



# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:

Frank W. Liebenow

Title:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MODIFYING AND CONTROLLING PRINT INFORMATION

Attorney Docket No.: 450.264US1

# PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

# **BOX PATENT APPLICATION**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

We are transmitting herewith the following attached items and information (as indicated with an "X"):

X Utility Patent Application under 37 CFR § 1.53(b) comprising:

X Specification ( 20 pgs, including claims numbered 1 through 30 and a 1 page Abstract).

X Formal Drawing(s) (<u>3</u> sheets).

- X Signed Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney ( 3 pgs).
- Assignment of the invention to <u>Gateway</u>, Inc. ( 2 pgs) and Recordation Form Cover Sheet.

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# METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MODIFYING AND CONTROLLING PRINT INFORMATION

# Field of the Invention

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The present invention relates generally to printing, and more specifically to the modification and control of print information of printable information units.

# **Background of the Invention**

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With the innovation of word processing and email applications that are able to display text in a wide spectrum of colors, application users are able to demarcate or highlight specific printable information units (e.g., words, paragraphs, figures and drawings) of a particular document or message. Moreover, in some of the current applications, these printable information units default to being color for certain documents and messages. One example is for reply messages on the email application, Microsoft® Outlook, where the default color of the reply text is blue.

Additionally, color printers allow the users of these applications to not only display but also print in color. However, at times, an application user may want to print these colored fields in black and white. Under today's systems, application users are provided the option of printing in black and white those documents that are colored. However, a disadvantage of these systems are that the users are limited to either printing the entire document or message in color or in black and white. This problem leads to over usage of colored inks of colored printers for text that is not needed or required to be printed in color. Returning to the example above concerning Microsoft® Outlook where the default color for reply messages is blue, inevitably, application users who print reply messages from this application on colored printers would run dry the blue color of the colored printer more quickly and unnecessarily than the other colors of the colored printer. Accordingly, it would be

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desirable to improve the current system of displaying and printing of colored text in a document or message.

# **Summary of the Invention**

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The above-mentioned shortcomings, disadvantages and problems are addressed by embodiments of the present invention, which will be understood by reading and studying the following specification. The invention describes methods and apparatuses for modifying and controlling print information. In one embodiment, a color designation for a subset of printable information units is overridden for printing. Examples of printable information units include, but are not limited to, words, text, figures and drawings in a document and/or file on a computer system. In one implementation, the color designation is changed from non-black to black. The printable information units are then printed. In additional embodiments, the overriding of the color designation is based on user input and non-user input.

In an alternative embodiment, printable information units are displayed, wherein a subset of the printable information units are of a first color designation. The first color designation for this subset is then changed to a second color designation for printing. The printable information units are then sent to a printer to be printed. In another embodiment, a color of a subset of a plurality of displayed text is designated for display. The color of the subset is changed for printing. The plurality of displayed text is then sent to a printer. In yet a further embodiment, a print code is attached to a subset of printable information units, such that the print code precludes the printing of the subset. The printable information units are then sent to a printer to be printed.

Still other and further aspects and embodiments of the present invention will become apparent by reference to the drawings and by reading the following detailed description.

# **Brief Description of the Drawings**

	Figure 1	is a flowchart of a method for modifying the print colors according to
		one embodiment of the present invention.
5	Figure 2	illustrates one embodiment of the present invention used in
		conjunction with a word processing document.
	Figure 3	illustrates another embodiment of the present invention used in
		conjunction with a word processing document.
	Figure 4	is a flowchart of a method for modifying the print colors according to
10		another embodiment of the present invention.
	Figure 5	is a flowchart of a method for modifying the print colors according to
		another embodiment of the present invention.
문제가 있어가 된 등 자신 사람이는 1111개도 하셨다. 1111개 14ml - 1219 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 - 121 -	Figure 6	is a block diagram illustrating the major components of a system
\$100 100 km 100 km		embodiment of the present invention.
1 <b>5</b>	Figure 7	is a block diagram illustrating the major components of another
######################################		system embodiment of the present invention.
	Figure 8	is a block diagram illustrating the major components of another
# La		system embodiment of the present invention.
	Figure 9	is a block perspective diagram of a computer system embodiment of
		the present invention.

# **Description of Embodiments**

The invention includes systems, methods, computers, and computer-readable media of varying scope. Besides the embodiments, advantages and aspects of the invention described here, the invention also includes other embodiments, advantages and aspects, as will become apparent by reading and studying the drawings and the following description.

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In the following detailed description of the exemplary embodiments, reference is made to the accompanying drawings that form a part hereof, and in

which are shown by way of illustration specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and structural changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

used by those skilled in the data processing arts to most effectively convey the

substance of their work to others skilled in the art. An algorithm is here, and

Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities take the form of electrical or

common usage, to refer to these signals as bits, values, elements, symbols,

of these and similar terms are to be associated with the appropriate physical

quantities and are merely convenient labels applied to these quantities. Unless

specifically stated otherwise as apparent from the following discussions, it is

magnetic signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared, and

otherwise manipulated. It has proven convenient at times, principally for reasons of

characters, terms, numbers, or the like. It should be borne in mind, however, that all

appreciated that throughout the present invention, discussions utilizing terms such as "processing" or "computing" or "calculating" or "determining" or "displaying" or the

like, refer to the action and processes of a computer system, or similar electronic

computing device, that manipulates and transforms data represented as physical

(electronic) quantities within the computer system's registers and memories into

generally, conceived to be a self-consistent sequence of steps leading to a desired

result. The steps are those requiring physical manipulations of physical quantities.

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other data similarly represented as physical quantities within the computer system memories or registers or other such information storage, transmission or display devices.

Figures 1, 4 and 5 are flowcharts of methods in accordance with embodiments of the invention. The methods are realized at least in part as one or more programs running on a computer -- that is, as a program executed from a

invention.

Some portions of the detailed descriptions which follow are presented in terms of algorithms and symbolic representations of operations on data bits within a computer memory. These algorithmic descriptions and representations are the means

computer-readable medium such as a memory by a processor of a computer. The programs are desirably storable on a computer-readable medium such as a floppy disk, a Compact Disk-Read Only Memory (CD-ROM), for distribution and installation and execution on another (suitably equipped) computer. Additionally, each of the blocks or combinations of blocks in Figures 1, 4 and 5 describe functionality that may be implemented in one or more software modules which can easily be written by one skilled in the art with reference to the flowcharts.

In Figure 1, in block 102, a color designation for printing of a subset of a plurality of printable information units is overridden. In one embodiment, a subset of the plurality of printable information units is defined as less than all of the printable information units. In another embodiment, a color designation is a code assigned to a printable information unit that defines its color for both display and print. In one embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are words. Additionally, the embodiments of the present invention are such that it is anticipated that the printable information units could be portions of a markup language (e.g., HTML (Hypertext Markup Language). In block 104, the plurality of printable information units are printed, including those units whose color designation has been overridden for printing.

For example, the printable information units could be words within a word processing document with each one having a color designation such that portions of the document are displayed in different colors. One such embodiment is illustrated in Figure 2. In particular, Figure 2 illustrates one embodiment wherein the printable information units are words located in a word processing document. Figure 2 includes a number of printable information units including the word "Gateway" (i.e., blue unit 202) displaying in a blue color, "premier" (i.e., green unit 204) and "PC" (i.e., green unit 206) both displaying in a green color. In an alternative embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are groups of words, for example an entire paragraph within a document. In another embodiment, the printable information unit is a figure or drawing. However, it is important to appreciate that the plurality of printable information units is not limited to any particular type of unit.

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In one embodiment, the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units is overridden by changing a non-black color designation to a black color designation. Advantageously, this embodiment reserves the colored inks of printers for those printable information units that the computer user desires to be printed in colored ink, while not wasting colored ink on those portions of the document that need not be printed in color. In another embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located in a file. In an alternative embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located in a word processing document. This functionality for overriding of a color designation is such that it anticipates being located not only in a system or computer but also in a printer server or the printer itself.

Figure 3 illustrates a further embodiment of the present invention built on the embodiment of Figure 2. In particular, the overriding of the color designation is based on user input. In this example, assume that a computer user desires that the word "Gateway" be printed in the blue color but desires that "premier" and "PC" be printed in black (not the green color in which they are displayed) in order to preserve the colored inks of the printer. The computer user would label "premier" and "PC" as having this characteristic of displaying in one color and printing in a different color. In particular, Figure 3 illustrates a word processing document being edited by a typical word processing application (e.g., Microsoft® Word) that incorporates one embodiment of the present invention. Figure 3 includes the typical buttons 302-312 that allow the computer user to edit the word processing document. In particular, buttons 302-306 allow for modification of the font, size or color of the text, respectively. Moreover, buttons 308-312 allow for text to be in bold, italicized and underlined, respectively. Additionally, Figure 3 includes button 314 which allows the computer user to specify that certain text be displayed in one color while being printed in a different color. For example, the computer user could label green fields 204-206 using button 314. Accordingly, green fields 204-206 would still be displayed in green but be printed in a different color (e.g., black), while also allowing blue field 202 to still be printed out in blue.

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In one embodiment, this different print color is based on a user-defined setting. For example, button 314 could be set such that the user wants all text in the document associated with button 314 to be printed in black, even though the text still displays in a different color. In one embodiment, the identification of those printable information units that are displayed in one color but printed in a different color (e.g., those units associated with button 314) are identifiable to the user during normal text editing mode of the word processing application. In an alternative embodiment, identification of these printable information units to the user are displayed in a nonnormal text mode (e.g., a print preview mode). In other words, the identification of these units is transparent to the user during normal text editing mode.

Advantageously, this invention displays in one color and prints in a different color for a specific printable information unit, thereby preserving the colored ink resources of a colored printer for only those fields that the user desires to print in color. Accordingly, in contrast to the prior art, the computer user is not confined to the choice of printing the entire document in black and white or printing the entire document in the displayed colors. Rather, specific printable information units can be displayed in one color and printed in a different color, independent of the other print information units.

In one embodiment, overriding of a color designation for printing of a subset of the plurality of printable information units is based on non-user input. In one such embodiment, the overriding of a color designation is based on a user and/or a group identification. For example, the color designation of the footnotes within a word processing document are overridden based on the group identification of the user. In one such example, for all engineers the display color is black. However, for software engineers, the print color is blue, while for hardware engineers, the print is green.

Additionally, other embodiments of the present invention could be used in conjunction with security issues. In one embodiment, the subset of the plurality of printable information units, whose color designation is overridden for printing, are portions of a document, such that these portions allow the document to be identified as a copy. In one such embodiment, this subset, whose color designation is

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overridden, is the header information or company logo that is displayed in color but is defined such that it is printed in black. Advantageously, this embodiment allows for the distinguishing between an original and a printed-out version, such that the header information and/or company logo is in color for the original version but in black for the printed-out version. Such embodiment could be implemented in a system that restricts access to the modification of this subset. For example, only certain individuals would have password accessability to allow for modification of the display and print colors of the header information and/or company logo. Accordingly, this type of system would preclude unauthorized individuals from printing out a version of the document where the header information and/or company logo are in color.

Another embodiment of the present invention that can be used in conjunction with issues of security and confidentiality allows a plurality of printable information units to be displayed but only allows a portion of these units to be printed. In one such embodiment for printing a plurality of printable information units, a print code is attached to a subset of the plurality of printable information units. This print code precludes the printing out of the subset. In another such embodiment, the print color may be set to "white", thereby preserving spacing but not printing sensitive information. Either embodiment includes the sending of the plurality of printable information units to a printer. Therefore, only the plurality of printable information units are printed even though all of the units could be displayed. For example, if a computer user desires to write a document such that a portion is confidential, the computer user could identify or label the material in the document that is confidential (i.e., the subset of the printable information units), as illustrated in Figure 3. Accordingly, this portion of the document would still be displayed but would not be printed out when the document is printed. Advantageously, this embodiment allows the computer user to incorporate confidential information into documents, while printing out only those portions of the document that are nonconfidential.

Figure 4 is a flowchart of a method in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. In block 402, a plurality of printable information units are

displayed, for example on a display device (e.g., a computer monitor) of a computer. A subset within the plurality of printable information units is of a first color designation. In one embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located within a file on a computer system. In an alternative embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located within a word processing document.

In block 404, the first color designation for the subset is changed to a second color designation for printing. In one embodiment, the first color designation for the subset of the plurality of printable information units is a non-black color designation. In another embodiment, the second color designation for the subset is a black color designation. In one embodiment, the first color designation of the subset is changed to a second color designation for printing based on user input, one such example having been described above in conjunction with Figure 3. In an alternative embodiment, the first color designation of the subset is changed to a second color designation for printing based on non-user input. In one such embodiment, the changing of the color designation is based on a user and/or a group identification. In block 406, the plurality of printable information units are sent to a printer to be printed.

Figure 5 is a flowchart of a method in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. In block 502, a color of a subset of a plurality of displayed text for display is designated. In one embodiment, the plurality of displayed text are located within a file on a computer system. In an alternative embodiment, the plurality of displayed text are located within a word processing document.

In block 504, the color of the subset is changed for printing to allow the subset to be displayed in one color and be printed in a different color. In one embodiment, the color of the subset is changed for printing by changing the color from non-black to black. In another embodiment, the color of the subset is changed for printing based on user input, while in an alternative embodiment, this change is based on non-user input. In one embodiment where the change is based on non-user input, the change is based on a user and/or group identification for a particular user.

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In another embodiment where the change is based on non-user input, the change is based upon processing of a particular form of text input; for example, in Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Outlook, the text in a mail message responding to earlier mail may default to text that is displayed as blue but prints as black. In block 506, the plurality of displayed text that includes the subset, whose color was changed for printing, is sent to a printer. Examples of the method according to Figure 5 are described above in conjunction with Figures 2-3.

Referring to Figure 6, a block diagram according to one embodiment of a system of the present invention is shown. The system of Figure 6 includes override module 602 and printer 604. In one embodiment, override module 602 is part of a computer, although the invention is not so limited. In such an embodiment, override module 602 is a computer program (e.g., an override program) executed by a processor of the computer from a computer-readable medium such as a memory thereof. Additionally, in other embodiments, override module 602 is anticipated being located not only in a system or computer but also in a printer server or the printer itself (e.g., printer 604).

Override module 602 receives a plurality of printable information units with each one of the units having a color designation. Override module 602 overrides the color designation for printing of a subset of the plurality of printable information units. In one embodiment, a subset of the plurality of printable information units is defined as less than all of the printable information units. In another embodiment, a color designation is a code assigned to a printable information unit that defines its color for both display and print. In one embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are words. For example, the printable information units could be words within a word processing document with each one having a color designation such that portions of the document are in different colors, as illustrated and described above in conjunction with Figure 2. Moreover, the embodiments of the present invention are such that it is anticipated that the printable information units could be portions of a markup language (e.g., HTML (Hypertext Markup Language).

In one embodiment, override module 602 overrides the color designation for

printing of a subset of the plurality of printable information units based on user input, as illustrated and described above in conjunction with Figure 3. In one embodiment, this different print color is based on a user-defined setting. In another embodiment, identification of those printable information units that are displayed in one color but printed in a different color is displayed in the normal text editing mode of the word processing application. In an alternative embodiment, identification of these printable information units to the computer user are displayed in a non-normal text mode (e.g., a print preview mode).

In one embodiment, override module 602 overrides a color designation for printing of a subset of the plurality of printable information units based on non-user input. In one such embodiment, the overriding of a color designation is based on a user and/or a group identification. For example, the color designation of the footnotes within a word processing document are overridden based on the group identification of the user.

The system of Figure 6 also includes printer 604 that is operatively coupled to override module 602. Printer 604 receives and prints the plurality of printable information units. Other embodiments of the system of Figure 6 could be used with issues of security and confidentiality, as previously described above in conjunction with method embodiments of the present invention.

Additionally, in one embodiment, override module 602 overrides the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units by changing a non-black color designation to a black color designation.

Advantageously, this embodiment reserves the colored inks of printers for those printable information units that the computer user desires to be printed in colored ink, while not wasting colored ink on those portions of the document that need not be printed in color. In another embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located in a file. In an alternative embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are located in a word processing document.

Referring next to Figure 7, a block diagram according to another embodiment of a system of the present invention is shown. The system of Figure 7 includes

computer 700, display device 702, override module 704 and printer 706. In one embodiment, override module 704 is part of computer 700, although the invention is not so limited. In such an embodiment, override module 704 is a computer program (e.g., an override program) executed by a processor of computer 700 from a computer-readable medium such as a memory thereof.

Display device 702 receives and displays a plurality of printable information units. An embodiment of display device 702 includes a computer monitor. A subset in the plurality of printable information units is a first color designation. The system of Figure 7 also includes override module 704 that is operatively coupled to display device 702. Override module 704 receives the plurality of printable information units and changes the first color designation of the subset to a second color designation for printing, as previously described in conjunction with override module 602 of Figure 6.

Additionally, the system of Figure 7 includes printer 706 that is operatively coupled to override module 704. Printer 706 receives and prints the plurality of printable information units, as previously described in conjunction with printer 604 of Figure 6.

Referring next to Figure 8, a block diagram according to an embodiment of a computer system of the present invention is shown. The system of Figure 8 includes computer 802, display device 804 and override module 806. In one embodiment, override module 806 is part of computer 802, although the invention is not so limited. In such an embodiment, override module 806 is a computer program (e.g., a override program) executed by a processor of computer 802 from a computer-readable medium such as a memory thereof.

Computer 802 has a plurality of printable information units. These plurality of printable information units include a subset that have a first color designation. In one embodiment, the plurality of printable information units are included in a file or word processing document, as described above. The system of Figure 8 also includes display device 804 that is operatively coupled to computer 802. Display device 804 is capable of displaying the printable information units.

Additionally, the system of Figure 8 includes override module 806 located in computer 802. Override module 806 includes machine readable instruction that cause computer 802 to change the first color designation of the subset of the plurality of printable information units to a different color designation for printing, as previously described in conjunction with override module 602 of Figure 6. In one embodiment, the system of Figure 8 also includes a printer that is operatively coupled to computer 802 and display device 804. This printer is capable of printing the plurality of printable information units, as previously described in conjunction with printer 604 of Figure 6.

Personal computers, as shown in Figure 9, typically include a monitor 900, keyboard input 902, central processing unit 904, and a pointing or selection device such as mouse 905. Further components of a typical computer system may include a machine readable storage media such as disk drive 906, hard disk, CD-ROM 908, DVD, modem, and the like. The processor unit of such a computer typically includes a microprocessor, memory (RAM and ROM), and other peripheral circuitry, not shown.

Method and apparatus embodiments of the present invention comprise computer programs written for the modification of print information of printable information units as shown in Figure 9. The computer programs run on the central processing unit 904 out of main memory, and may be transferred to main memory from permanent storage via disk drive 906 when stored on removable media or via a network connection or modem connection when stored outside of the personal computer, or via other types of computer or machine readable medium from which it can be read and utilized. The computer programs comprise multiple modules or objects to perform the method embodiments of the present invention, or the functions of the modules in the apparatus embodiments of the present invention. The type of computer programming languages used to write the code may vary between procedural code type languages to object oriented languages. The files or objects need not have a one to one correspondence to the modules or method steps described depending on the desires of the programmer. Further, the method and apparatus may

comprise combinations of software, hardware and firmware as is well known to those skilled in the art.

Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that any arrangement which is calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This application is intended to cover any adaptations or variations of the invention. It is intended that this invention be limited only by the following claims, and the full scope of equivalents thereof.

#### We claim:

A method of printing, comprising:
 overriding a color designation for printing of a subset of a plurality of
 printable information units; and
 printing the plurality of printable information units.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein overriding the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units includes changing for printing a non-black color designation of the subset to a black color designation.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein overriding the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units is independent of a user input.
- 4. A method of printing, comprising:

displaying a plurality of printable information units, wherein a subset in the plurality of printable information units has a first color designation;

changing the first color designation for the subset to a second color designation for printing; and

sending the plurality of printable information units to a printer.

- 5. The method of claim 4, further comprising printing the plurality of printable information units.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein changing the first color designation for the subset to the second color designation includes changing from a non-black color designation for the subset to a black color designation.

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- 7. The method of claim 4, wherein changing the first color designation for the subset to the second color designation is based on a user input.
- 8. A method of printing, comprising:

  designating a color of a subset of a plurality of displayed text for display;

  changing the color of the subset for printing; and

  sending the plurality of displayed text to a printer.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein changing the color of the subset for printing includes changing from a non-black color designation of the subset to a black color designation.
- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein changing the color of the subset for printing is based on a user identification.
- 11. A method of printing a plurality of printable information units, comprising: attaching a print code to a subset of the plurality of printable information units, such that the print code precludes printing out the subset; and sending the plurality of printable information units to a printer.
- 12. A computer readable medium having instructions stored thereon for causing a computer to perform a method comprising:

overriding a color designation for printing of a subset of a plurality of printable information units; and printing the plurality of printable information units.

13. The computer readable medium of claim 12, wherein overriding the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units includes changing for printing a non-black color designation of the subset to a black color designation.

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- 14. The computer readable medium of claim 12, wherein overriding the color designation for printing of the subset of the plurality of printable information units is independent of a user input.
- 15. A computer readable medium having instructions stored thereon for causing a computer to perform a method comprising:

displaying a plurality of printable information units, wherein a subset in the plurality of printable information units has a first color designation;

changing the first color designation for the subset to a second color designation for printing; and

sending the plurality of printable information units to a printer.

- 16. The computer readable medium of claim 15, wherein changing the first color designation for the subset to the second color designation includes changing from a non-black color designation for the subset to a black color designation.
- 17. A computer readable medium having instructions stored thereon for causing a computer to perform a method comprising:

designating a color for display of a subset of a plurality of displayed text; changing the color for printing of the subset; and sending the plurality of displayed text to a printer.

- 18. The computer readable medium of claim 17, wherein changing the color for printing of the subset includes changing from a non-black color designation of the subset to a black color designation.
- 19. A system, comprising:

an override module that receives a plurality of printable information units, each one of the plurality of printable information units having a color designation, and overrides the color designation for printing of a subset of the plurality of printable information units; and

a printer, operatively coupled to the override module, that receives the plurality of printable information units and prints the plurality of printable information units.

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20. The system of claim 19, wherein the color designation is overridden from a non-black color designation to a black color designation.

The system of claim 19, wherein the plurality of printable information units 21. include a plurality of words.

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The system of claim 19, wherein the override module overrides the color 22. designation independent of a user input.

The system of claim 19, wherein the override module overrides the color 23. designation based on a user identification.

24. A system comprising:

a display device that receives a plurality of printable information units and displays the plurality of printable information units, wherein a subset in the plurality of the printable information units has a first color designation;

an override module, operatively coupled to the display device, that receives the plurality of printable information units and changes the first color designation of the subset to a second color designation for printing; and

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a printer, operatively coupled to the modification module, that receives the plurality of printable information units and prints the plurality of printable information units.

The system of claim 24, wherein the first color designation includes a non-25. black color and the second color designation includes a black color.

26. The system of claim 24, wherein the override module identifies the subset based on a user input.

## 27. A computer system comprising:

a computer having a plurality of printable information units, wherein a subset in the plurality of printable information units has a first color designation;

a display device operatively coupled to the computer and capable of displaying the printable information units; and

an override module located in the computer, comprising machine readable instruction for causing the computer to perform a method including changing the first color designation for printing of the subset to a second color designation.

- 28. The computer system of claim 27, wherein the override module further comprises machine readable instructions for causing the computer to include sending the plurality of displayed text to a printer.
- 29. The computer system of claim 27, wherein the override module changes the first color designation for printing of the subset to the second color designation independent of a user input.
- 30. The computer system of claim 27, wherein the override module changes the first color designation for printing of the subset to the second color designation based on a user identification.

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#### **Abstract of the Disclosure**

Methods and apparatuses for modifying print colors are described. A subset of printable information units, such as words, text, figures and drawings, which can be located within a document or file on a computer system, are displayed in a first color designation. This first color designation is then changed to a second color designation for printing. The printable information units are then printed.

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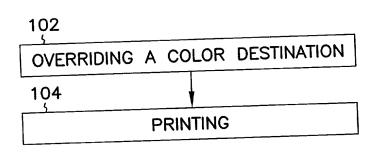


FIG. 1

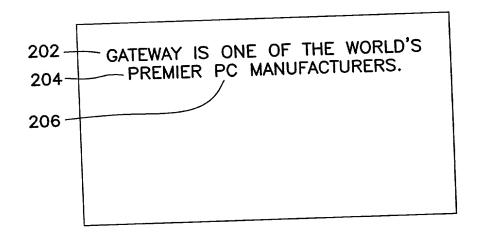


FIG. 2

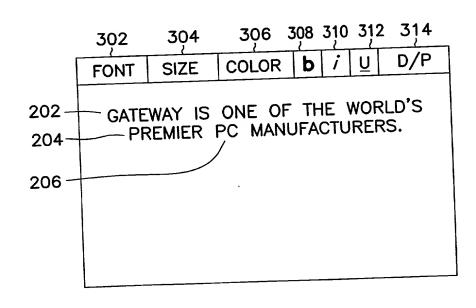
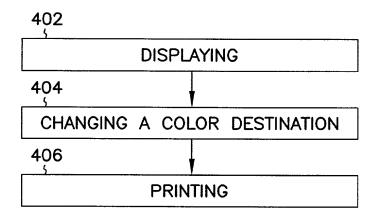


FIG. 3



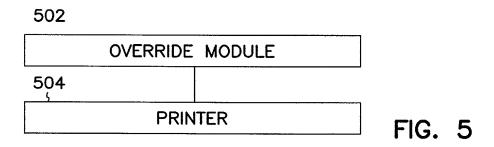
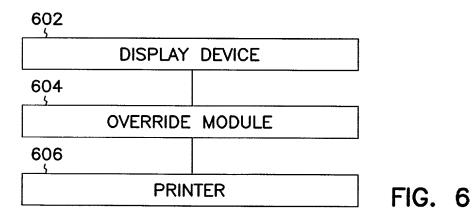
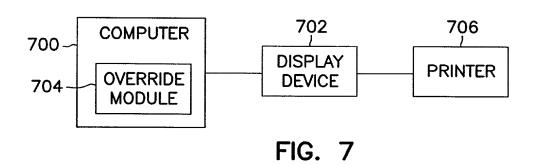
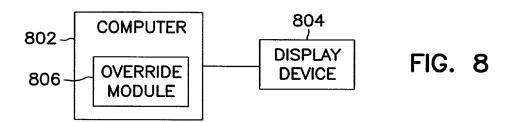


FIG. 4







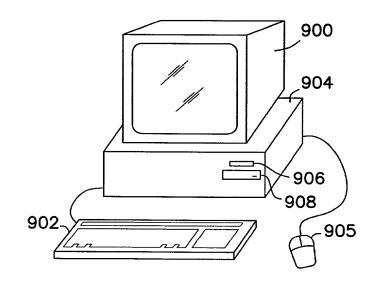


FIG. 9

# **United States Patent Application**

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: <u>METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MODIFYING AND</u> CONTROLLING PRINT INFORMATION.

The specification of which is attached hereto.

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I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 (attached hereto). I also acknowledge my duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability which became available between a filing date of a prior application and the national or PCT international filing date in the event this is a Continuation-In-Part application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.63(e).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on the basis of which priority is claimed:

# No such claim for priority is being made at this time.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

### No such claim for priority is being made at this time.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or 365(c) of any United States and PCT international application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56(a) which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

No such claim for priority is being made at this time.

Filing Date: not assigned

2,03 22, 2-22

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or patent agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith:

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I hereby authorize them to act and rely on instructions from and communicate directly with the person/assignee/attorney/firm/erganization/who/which first sends/sent this case to them and by whom/which I hereby declare that I have consented after full disclosure to be represented unless/until I instruct Schwegman, Lundberg, Woessner & Kluth, P.A. to the contrary.

Please direct all correspondence in this case to Schwegman, Lundberg, Woessner & Kluth, P.A. at the address indicated below:
P.O. Box 2938, Minneapolis, MN 55402

Telephone No. (612)373-6900

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Signature: Fra	Dakota Dunes, SD 57049 W. Lilley W.	Date:	11-12-99	
	k W. Liebenow			
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Full Name of inventor:				
Citizenship: Post Office Address:		Residence:		
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## § 1.56 Duty to disclose information material to patentability.

- (a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclose information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is canceled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned. Information material to the patentability of a claim that is canceled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information which is not material to the patentability of any existing claim. The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§ 1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98. However, no patent will be granted on an application in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or attempted or the duty of disclosure was violated through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office encourages applicants to carefully examine:
  - (1) prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and
  - (2) the closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending claim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.
- Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and
  - (1) It establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or
  - (2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:
    - (i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or
    - (ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facie case of unpatentability is established when the information compels a conclusion that a claim is unpatentable under the preponderance of evidence, burden-of-proof standard, giving each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentability.

- Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:
  - (1) Each inventor named in the application:
  - (2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and
  - (3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.
- (d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.